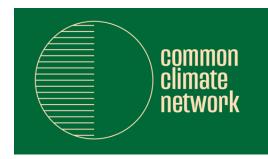


millions of

mothers



Common Climate Network Local Government Scorecards 2019: www.commonclimate.nz

Name of council in full	Tasman Community Boards
Number of total candidates Number of candidates that responded	13 individual candidates - with one also running for council and one for mayor. Both completed the council questionnaire 8 returned (including the candidates also running for council and Mayor positions)
Voting method used for that council	FPP
Group coordinating this council	Millions of Mothers Nelson Tasman
6. Contact for more information	Common Climate Network commonclimate2019@gmail.com

Candidate scores

Candi date	1. Position on climate change	2. Vision for the next 10 years	3. An inclusi ve transit ion	5. Workin g constru ctively	6. Transp ort	7. Energy efficien cy	8. Waste	9. Urban develop ment	10. Governa nce and manage ment	Tot al
Brent Maru Mayor and Motuek a Commu nity Board	A	С	В-	A	B-	B-	C+	C+	A-	B-
Charm	A+	Α	D	В	A-	Α-	C+	C+	A +	В

aine Petere it Motue ka Ward										
David Armstr ong	A	E	E	С	E	E	E	E	E	E
Grant Knowl es Comm unity board Golde n Bay ward	A	В	B+	C	B+	Α-	B+	C+	C+	В
Jon Taylor Motue ka	С	В	D	С	C+	C+	C+	C+	C+	С
Joni Tomse tt Motue ka Comm unity Board	A	A	С	Ш	C+	C+	C+	Α-	A +	B-
Robert Hewis on Golde n Bay Golde	A+	С	D	В	C-	C+	C+	B-	A+	B-

n Bay Comm unity Board										
Trindi Walker Motuek a Ward and Commu nity Board	A +	A	C-	В	A +	Α-	A +	A +	A-	A

Candidates that did not respond or who were elected unopposed

Name	Community Board	Reason for no response
Abbie Langford	Golden Bay Community Board	No Response, but intended to complete, possible technical issues
Dave Gowland	Golden Bay Community Board	No Response
Richard Horrell	Motueka Community Board	No Response
Wendy Andrews	Golden Bay Community Board	No Response

Process

We sent a questionnaire to all candidates in councils where we found volunteers willing to coordinate the questionnaire. The multi-choice answers had set scores. The text answers were graded by a group in each region, with guidance and moderation from the central Common Climate Network team as needed.

Each candidate received a total score and sub-totals for all topics. These were calculated as a percentage of the total possible score for each topic. The grades assigned correspond directly to the percentage each candidate scored.

A 'no response' does not mean the candidates did not try to respond as technical issues may have prevented some candidates from completing the questionnaire. This does not necessarily mean they think climate change issues are not important.

What these grades mean

A+	90-100%	The candidate demonstrated a deep understanding of the issues, identified
А	85-89%	positive actions to take to address these issues and either referred to
A-	80-84%	timelines or measures to show success in achieving progress in this area or identified collaboration or advocacy to achieve best results
B+	75-79%	The candidate demonstrated a good understanding of the issues and
В	70-74%	identified positive actions to take to address these issues
B-	65-69%	
C+	60-64%	The candidate demonstrated a basic or acceptable understanding of the
С	55-59%	issues – maybe only concentrated on one area within the issue. And was
C-	50-54%	positive and may have identified some actions to take.
D	40-49%	Candidate showed a limited understanding of the climate crisis and how councils can respond, provided few ideas for positive actions.
Е	0-39%	Does not appear to understand the issues or engages in straightforward denial of the climate crisis, did not answer the text questions and/or has put 'climate negative' answers.
Х		Did not fill out the questionnaire

Questions and answers

The questionnaire covered ten topics on climate action. Text answers were restricted to 280 characters. Specific questions were added by the local coordinators in some regions.

1. What is your position on climate change?

We ask candidates to agree or disagree with five statements to help us see where they stand on climate action.

- I believe councils have an obligation to take a greater leadership position on reducing their own emissions and advocating to central government for greater action on climate issues.
- I believe councils have an obligation to reduce their emissions in ways that will be beneficial to businesses, residents and communities.
- I think we need to make some changes but not too quickly or this will 'rock the boat' too much.
- I am neutral on climate change I will support what the council as a whole decides to do.
- I think the risk of climate change has been exaggerated and should not be treated as an emergency.

1a. Earlier this year the TDC councillors and Mayor rejected declaring a climate emergency. When this is discussed again, would you support councillors voting in favour of the TDC declaring a climate emergency?

1b. Will you support the cross sector, council and community Nelson Tasman Climate Forum that is in the process of forming this year?

2. What is your vision for the future? (Text answer)

If you were to look back in 10 years time, how would you like to see that your city/district/region has responded to climate change?

3. How will you support an inclusive transition? (Text answers)

"With previous economic transformations, the shift to a low-emissions economy will create both opportunities and downsides. Some existing firms and jobs will disappear, while new business and occupations will emerge. Some workers will be especially vulnerable to changes in employment and should be given the opportunity to acquire new skills" – Productivity
Commission, 2018

Any change in industries and work will affect some groups more than others. We want to make sure that councillors can address these issues across the whole community by supporting groups affected by the transition. This topic also asks how they will take into account tangata whenua and Te Ao Māori, Pacific peoples, gender, diversity and social equity considerations.

- How would you ensure that the Community Board can support those affected by the transition to a low carbon economy to move to new jobs and ways of doing business?
- How would you include tangata whenua and Te Ao Māori considerations in your work?
- How would you include Pacific peoples and Pacific peoples considerations in your work?
- How would you include gender, diversity and social equity considerations in your work?

4. What will you advocate on to central government?

This section was removed for Community Boards

5. How will you make sure you will work collaboratively? (Text answer)

Climate change will affect all parts of society, so a cohesive approach is needed with everyone working together and contributing according to their strengths. How would you ensure you work with Council and community groups in a collaborative way?

6. What are your priorities for transport?

Transport makes up <u>nearly 20%</u> of New Zealand's greenhouse gas emissions*, but it is one of the easiest sectors to address, by switching commuters to public transport, cycling or walking, and greater electrification of public transport. Making progress here will help reduce New Zealand's emissions while we find solutions in other areas. Reducing transport emissions will also help improve the quality of air in our cities.

What actions would you advocate for to support an increase in cycling, walking and public transport, and clean energy transport?

7. What are your priorities for energy efficiency?

New Zealand has a high level of renewable energy. But greater demand for electricity (from growth and conversion of heating and transport to electricity to reduce carbon emissions) will mean more power stations need to be built and these all will need to be renewable. Increasing energy efficiency in industry, businesses and homes will help reduce the demand for electricity as well as the cost.

What actions would you advocate for to encourage energy conservation and efficiency?

8. What are your priorities for waste?

Emissions from waste <u>contribute 5%</u> of New Zealand's overall emissions, largely methane from food waste*. Greater composting and using the compost for planting can reduce emissions and increase the carbon stored in soil. Consumers are also increasingly aware of the waste produced from household and business activities and the potential impact on the environment.

What actions would you advocate for to reduce emissions from waste within your community?

9. What are your priorities for urban development?

Growing cities need housing, but not at the expense of the environment. The <u>lowest emissions</u> come from compact urban development that makes the best use of land that has already been converted to residential or industrial use, and is close to existing infrastructure*. This means higher density housing with increased energy efficiency. Preserving agricultural land for food production as well as keeping or increasing native bush and forestry will also protect food and water supplies and biodiversity, and increase the amount of carbon that can be stored in the soil.

What are your views on intensifying urban development vs greenfields development?

10. What is your governance and management approach or experience?